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BAGMOTH

A case bearing moth belonging to the family Psychidae and in the genus Cebysa. Like case moths, the psychid larvae build a web case encrusted with frass and debris and carry it around with them always.

The larvae feed only on lichens and moss so no economic problems but it probably shows a high moisture area somewhere near.

Cebysa leucotelus Walker, 1954 (one <u>synonym</u>: Pitane dilecta) Australian Bagmoth <u>PSYCHIDAE</u>(Specimen: courtesy of the <u>The Australian Museum</u>)



These caterpillars typically feed on

• <u>Lichen</u> which grows on tree trunks, rocks, old fences, etc. They live in a silken case which they cover in bits of lichen, making a good camouflage. They grow to a case length of about 2 cms.

Photo of cut-open case showing Caterpillar inside



(Photo: courtesy of Wendy Moore, Melbourne)



The caterpillar has an off-white abdomen, but a brown head and thorax. The head and thorax are protected by a hard chitinous skin, whereas the abdomen has only a soft skin. Normally only the head and thorax are protruded from the case when the caterpillar walks and feeds

Female

The adult female moth has black wings with yellow wingtips and patches. The black parts of the wings and the body have a metallic blue sheen. She has long legs which make up for the fact that her wings do not expand properly, so she has to walk everywhere. She also has a long ovipositor sticking out of her last abdominal segment.





The male has a similar pattern and colouring to the female, but has no iridescence. Also, he has fully developed wings,